Parkland County Water & Wastewater Utility Rate Study Council Presentation



Tuesday, October 25th, 2016





Today We Will Discuss

Study Objectives and Process to Date

Calculation Inputs

Rate Results

Rate Structure Options

Next Steps



Key Study Objectives

1. Financial Analysis:

- To calculate user rates that will provide for the full recovery of the operating and capital costs associated with providing the services over the next 10-years (to 2026)
- To set aside monies in reserves to fund the "full lifecycle costs" of the long-term repair and replacement of infrastructure

2. Rate Structure Analysis:

- Hemson will examine a variety of rate structure options and alternatives (Status Quo vs. Harmonization Options)
- Analysis focused on County's serviced areas commission and regional customers not focal point of this study



Process to Date

Key Meeting/Task	Key Date
Kick-Off Meeting	October 2015
Memo of Key Assumptions and Draft Findings	February 2016
Working Session with Staff	August 2016
Meeting with Executive Team	September 2016
Council Workshop and Meeting	October 2016
Rate Implementation	January 1, 2017

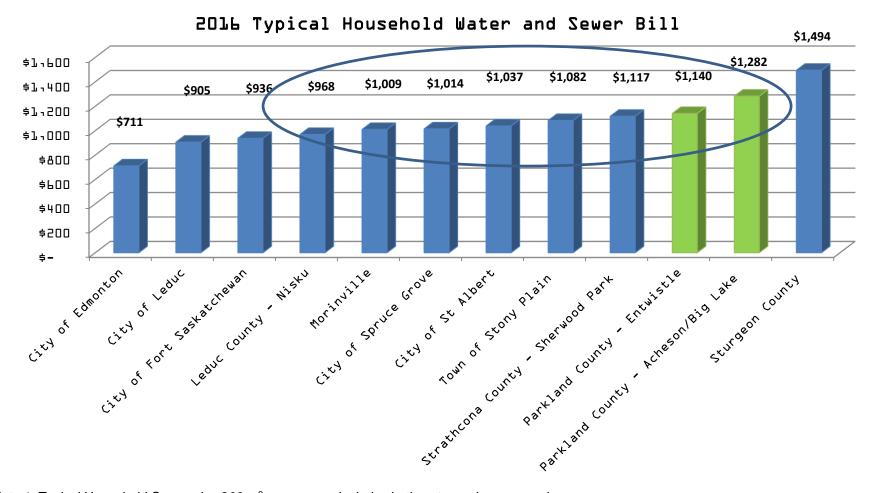


Rate Setting Approach

- Rates calculated based on the following:
 - 1. Full recovery of operating costs
 - 2. Full recovery of annual capital needs
 - In year capital requirements as identified by County staff
 - Only non-growth related capital projects (net of off-site levy funded projects) are included in the rate study forecast
 - 3. Provision for future asset replacement



Comparison to Other Jurisdictions 2016 Typical Household Charge¹



Note 1: Typical Household Consuming 200 m³ per annum. Includes both water and sewer service Acheson 2015 typical household consumption equals 250m3

Entwistle 2015 typical household consumption equals 140m3



Key Input Assumptions

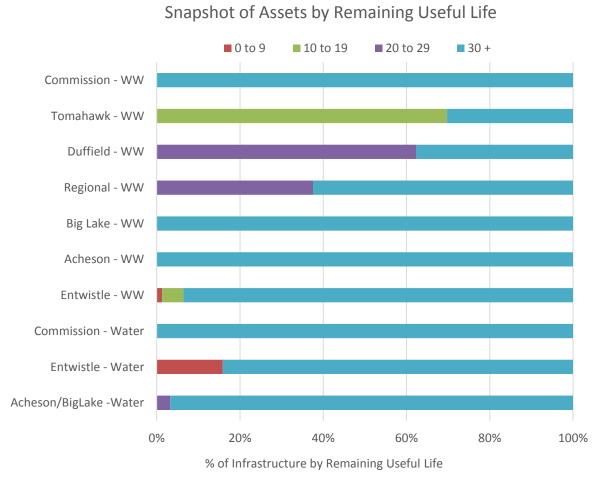
- About 200 new connections anticipated over the forecast period (2016-2026)
 - Growth largely occurring in Acheson Service Area
- Analysis projects forecast of billed water consumption

Operating Expenditures based on preliminary 2017 budget plus inflationary adjustments

 Only utility rate funded capital is included in the calculations (net of off-site levy projects)



Summary of Life-Cycle Costing Exercise



 Replacement value of water and WW infrastructure is est. at \$76.3 M

Much of the infrastructure is new – 70% of assets have remaining useful life greater than 50 years

 County needs to consider saving for the future replacement of this infrastructure

Source: Based on County Tangible Capital Asset data



Current Rate Structure: Water and Wastewater

Service Area	Applicability	Rate Structure
Acheson - Commercial/Industrial	Water and Wastewater	Fixed <i>plus</i> Variable
Acheson - Big Lake Residential	Water and Wastewater	Fixed <i>plus</i> Variable
Entwistle	Water and Wastewater	Fixed <i>plus</i> Variable Some Fixed Only
Tomahawk	Wastewater Only	Fixed Only
Duffield	Wastewater Only	Fixed Only
Atim Creek/Helenslea	Wastewater Only	Fixed Only
Other Commission Customers	Water and Wastewater Water and Wastewater	Fixed <i>plus</i> Variable Some Variable Only

Note: All Bulk water and wastewater hauled/discharge fees are levied on a volumetric (\$/m³) basis



Rate Calculations: Key Considerations

1. Maintained relationship where consumption charges are applicable across different service areas

- 2. Model was built to address individual service area funding shortfalls
- 3. Rates calculated to achieve financial stability by 2026



Rate Calculation Outcomes: Status Quo – Existing Rate Structure

General Results		
Service Area	AVG Annual Rate Increase (2017-2026)	
Water		
Acheson/BL	2.7%	
Entwistle	8.1%	
Wastewater		
Acheson	5.2%	
Big Lake	2.1%	
Entwistle	5.0%	
Tomahawk	6.0%	
Duffield	16.7%	
Helenslea	3.0%	

Charge per Typical HH (200m³/annum)		
Service Area	Current 2016 Rate	Calculated 2017 Rate
Water		
Acheson/BL	\$752	\$775
Entwistle	\$710	\$809
Wastewater		
Acheson*	\$1,170	\$1,226
Big Lake	\$530	\$541
Entwistle	\$430	\$451
Tomahawk	\$456	\$483
Duffield	\$480	\$576
Helenslea	\$588	\$606



Rate Calculation Outcomes: Status Quo – Existing Rate Structure

Key Indicator 1 – Restricted Surplus (RS) Balance			
Service Area	2016 Opening RS Balance	2026 Ending RS Balance	2026 RS Balance as a % of est. 2016 Asset Value
Water			
Acheson/BL	\$1.75 M	\$6.97M	23 % (of \$29.9M)
Entwistle	(\$196,400)	\$10,600	<1% (of \$2.8M)
Wastewater			
Acheson	\$255,500	\$525,500	2 % (of \$23.9M)
Big Lake	\$847,400	\$2.12 M	37 % (of \$5.7M)
Entwistle	\$325,700	\$600,000	7 % (of \$8.8M)
Tomahawk	(\$12,700)	\$105,600	7 % (of \$1.5M)
Duffield	(\$125,600)	\$6,000	<1% (of \$2.0M)
Helenslea	\$134,700	\$212,700	-



Key Project Goal:

Rate Harmonization Analysis



Proposed Harmonization Options: Water

Water Services: Metered Users		
Service Areas Considered for Harmonization	Rate Structure Options	
	Option 1	Option 2
Acheson Commercial/Industrial Big Lake Residential Entwistle	Residential Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Usage Charge (\$/m³) Non-Residential Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Usage Charge (\$/m³)	All Properties Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Usage Charge (\$/m³)

Note 1: Parkland Village rates would still be subject to the Spruce Grove Fee

Note 2: Other water commission customers should continue to be treated separately



Proposed Harmonization Options: Wastewater

Wastewater Services			
Service Areas Considered for Harmonization	Rate Structure Options		
	Option 1	Option 2	
Entwistle Acheson Big Lake Parkland Village* Commission* Helenslea	Metered: Residential Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Usage Charge (\$/m³) Metered: Non-Residential Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Usage Charge (\$/m³)	Metered: All Properties Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Usage Charge (\$/m³)	
Tomahawk Duffield	Non-Metered: All Properties Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Differentiated by type: - Low User - Med User - High User	Non-Metered: All Properties Fixed Service Charge (\$/month) Differentiated by type: - Low User - Med User - High User	

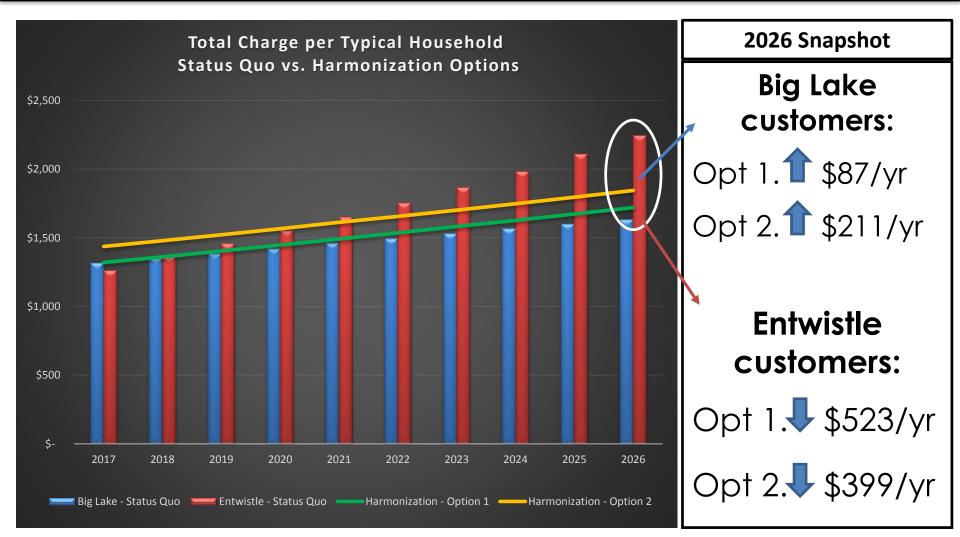
Note: The wastewater hauled/discharged fee under the current model is already consistent within each service area and therefore no charge is recommended for this specific fee

Note*: Parkland Village and Commission customers would continue to be subject to the usage charge (\$/per m³) only

HEMSON

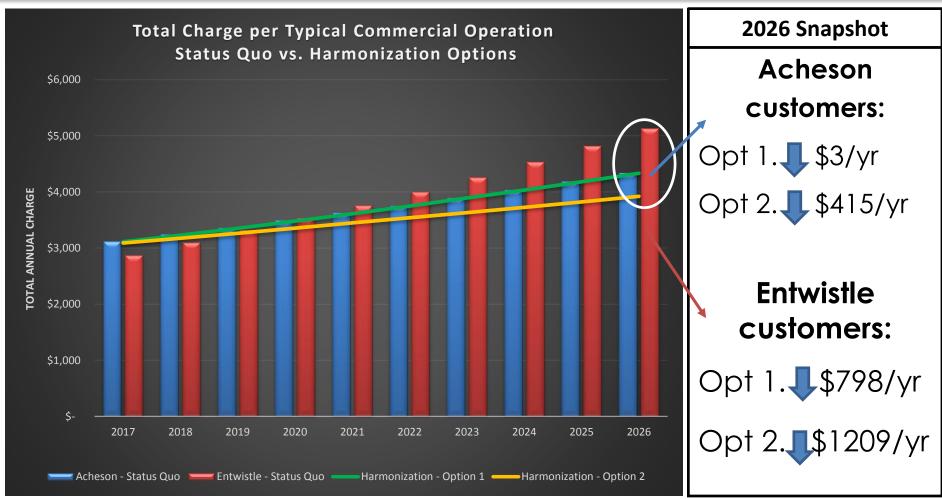
14

Rate Harmonization Comparison: Typical Household



Note: A typical HH consuming 200m3 per annum

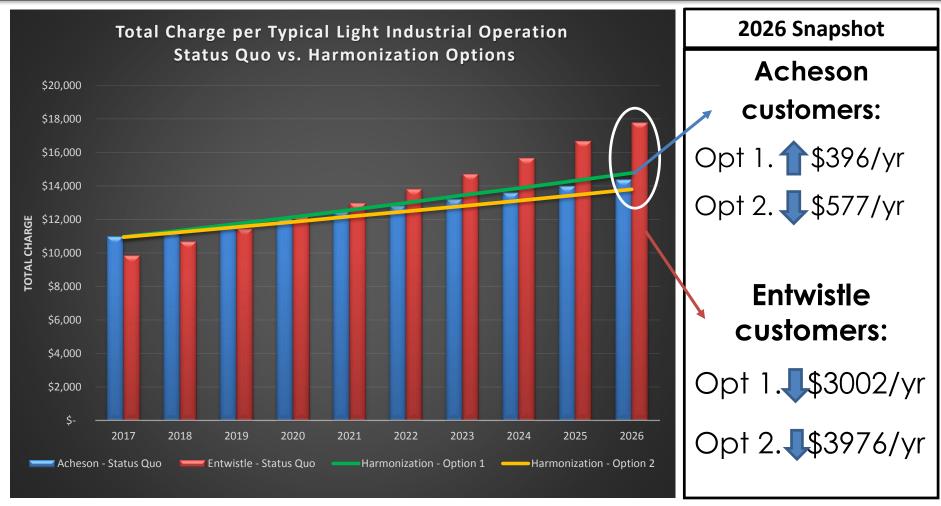
Rate Harmonization Comparison: Typical Commercial Establishment



Note: A typical commercial establishment consuming 600m³ per annum



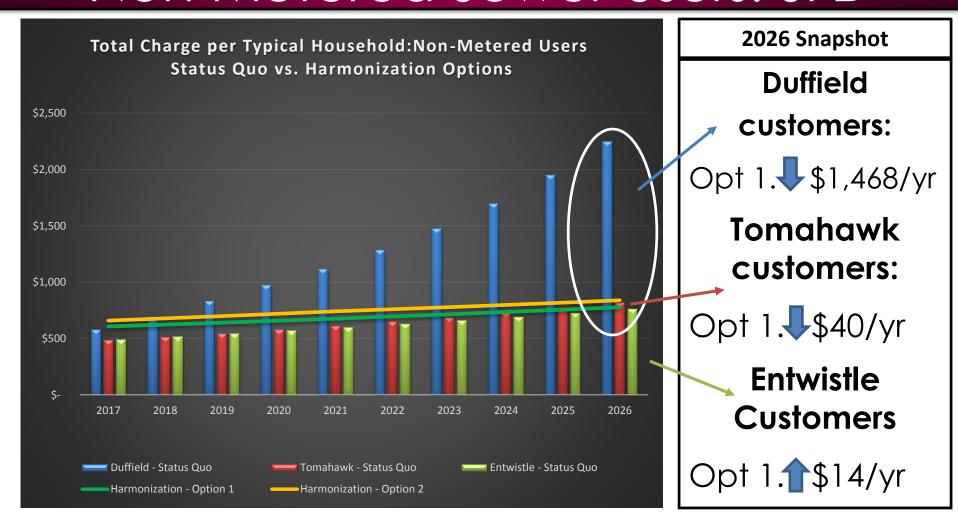
Rate Harmonization Comparison: Typical Light Industrial Operation



Note: A typical Light Industrial Operation consuming 2,500m³ per annum



Rate Harmonization Comparison: Non-Metered Sewer Users: SFD





Harmonization Recommendation and Considerations

- Preferred scenario: Harmonization Option 1
- Rate harmonization provides greater flexibility to the County
 - Long-term fiscal benefits
 - Ease of administration
- All customers will see changes to their utility bills
- Rate analysis conducted to fund similar level of expenditures to status quo scenario (current rate structure)



Next Steps

Refine analysis and finalize rates

 Target Implementation – January 1st 2017

- Staff Training Session on Model
 - 2nd series of training

